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ESG PERFORMANCE OF INDIA'S LISTED COMPANIES: THE ROLE OF AI

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Abstract

This study examines the Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) performance of Indian listed companies, emphasizing the increasing role of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in improving sustainability initiatives, compliance, and corporate decision-making. With the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) mandating ESG disclosures through the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report (BRSR), Indian companies are under growing pressure to enhance their ESG strategies. This research systematically analyzes ESG scores, sectoral performance, and corporate sustainability activities, identifying the top-performing companies and industries based on publicly available ESG ratings. The study explores how AIdriven tools are being leveraged for emissions tracking, risk assessment, sustainability reporting, and governance automation, offering insights into their effectiveness in enhancing ESG transparency and performance. Findings indicate that companies with strong ESG commitments—particularly in IT, finance, and automobile sectors—demonstrate better governance practices, environmental responsibility, and social impact. AI adoption appears to support these efforts by improving data accuracy, identifying ESG risks, and streamlining compliance with SEBI's BRSR framework. However, significant sectoral variations reveal challenges in AI integration, including inconsistencies in ESG data collection and limited adoption in resource-intensive industries such as energy and manufacturing. These findings highlight the potential of AI to enhance ESG implementation while also underscoring the need for standardized reporting frameworks and sector-specific strategies. By providing a sectorwise analysis of ESG performance and AI adoption, this study contributes to the understanding of India's evolving sustainability landscape. It offers valuable insights for corporate leaders, policymakers, and investors seeking to align ESG practices with regulatory expectations and long-term business sustainability.

Keywords: ESG Performance, Artificial Intelligence, SEBI, Indian Listed Companies, Sustainability, Corporate Governance, BRSR, Industry Trends

INTRODUCTION

Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) practices have become a vital lens through which we evaluate how responsibly companies operate in today's world. Beyond profits, stakeholders now demand transparency, sustainability, and ethical conduct, pushing businesses to prioritize their environmental footprint, social contributions, and governance standards. In India, this shift began with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs' National Voluntary Guidelines

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(NVGs) in 2011 and gained significant traction when the Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) mandated the top 1,000 listed companies to disclose ESG performance through the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report (BRSR) starting FY 2022–2023. This regulatory framework has transformed ESG from an optional initiative into a measurable commitment, offering a unique opportunity to track how Indian companies are performing in these critical areas.



In my view, ESG is not just a compliance checkbox but a reflection of a company's dedication to creating a sustainable future, and technology—particularly Artificial Intelligence (AI)—is revolutionizing how this is achieved. AI empowers companies to monitor environmental impacts like emissions with precision, enhance social initiatives such as community welfare, and streamline governance through automated reporting and risk management. For Indian listed companies, adopting AI is both a response to global sustainability trends and a practical solution to meet SEBI's rigorous standards. Our preliminary findings suggest that leading firms and sectors are leveraging AI to boost their ESG scores, with top performers showcasing innovative activities like renewable energy adoption and data-driven CSR. This study aims to review the ESG performance of Indian listed companies, focusing on their scores and activities, and to present these results through clear, insightful charts. By examining overall ESG trends, identifying the top 5 companies with high ESG scores, detailing their specific ESG activities, and ranking the top 5 sectors, we explore how AI is shaping these efforts as of March 2025. The growing integration of AI into ESG practices signals a new era for corporate responsibility in India. As companies face complex challenges—such as reducing carbon emissions in a coalreliant economy or addressing diverse social needs—AI offers tools to analyze vast datasets, predict outcomes, and optimize efforts in ways traditional methods cannot. For instance, our review indicates that some Indian firms are already using AI to track real-time environmental metrics or improve governance transparency, aligning with SEBI's push for standardized reporting. This study goes beyond merely documenting these advancements; it aims to visually map ESG performance across companies and sectors through charts, providing a snapshot of where India stands today. Such an approach not only highlights progress but also reveals gaps where AI could further elevate sustainability efforts. In undertaking this research, I believe it's crucial to recognize the diversity among Indian listed companies—from tech giants to traditional manufacturers—and how their ESG journeys differ. Our findings point to a varied landscape: some sectors excel due to technology-driven initiatives, while others lag due to

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resource constraints or slower AI adoption. By focusing on the top 5 companies and sectors, we can spotlight best practices—like AI-powered waste reduction or community engagement—and inspire broader change. Through detailed charts, this study will illustrate ESG score trends, showcase leading performers and their activities, and rank sectoral achievements, offering a clear, data-driven view of ESG performance enhanced by AI. As India navigates its sustainability path, this research seeks to contribute to the conversation by emphasizing how technology is redefining corporate accountability in the ESG domain as of March 2025.

Literature review

The concept of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) performance has evolved into a key indicator of corporate responsibility, shifting the focus from financial outcomes to how companies address sustainability, societal needs, and ethical governance. In India, this transition began with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs' National Voluntary Guidelines (NVGs) in 2011, which encouraged voluntary adoption of ESG practices. The Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) advanced this agenda in 2021 by mandating the top 1,000 listed companies to report ESG metrics through the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report (BRSR), effective FY 2022–2023. This regulatory shift has provided a structured framework for tracking ESG performance, enabling researchers to explore scores and activities across Indian firms. Recent scholarship emphasizes not just compliance but the practical application of ESG through innovative tools like Artificial Intelligence (AI), which is reshaping how companies measure and improve their sustainability efforts. Early studies on ESG performance in India highlight its growing adoption and variation. Bodhanwala and Bodhanwala (2018) examined initial ESG efforts among Indian listed companies, noting that by the late 2010s, firms began using ESG scores to showcase environmental stewardship, social responsibility, and governance integrity. Chelawat and Trivedi (2016) observed that governance scores often lead due to stringent regulatory oversight, while environmental and social initiatives vary widely. Jyoti and Khanna (2021), in their study A Factor Approach to the Performance of ESG Leaders and Laggards, tracked ESG performance across sectors, finding that leaders excel through activities like emissions reduction and community programs, reflected in higher scores. Similarly, Bodhanwala and Bodhanwala (2022) explored the tourism sector, identifying specific ESG activities—such as sustainable operations—that elevate scores, underscoring industry-specific differences. These works provide a foundation for reviewing ESG performance through measurable scores and tangible actions, rather than financial impacts. AI's integration into ESG practices has emerged as a critical enhancer, both globally and in India. Li et al. (2022) demonstrated that AI improves environmental performance by analyzing real-time data on energy use and emissions, a capability relevant to Indian firms like Tata Power, which targets renewable energy expansion. Kumar and Sharma (2023) emphasized AI's role in governance, automating compliance with BRSR requirements and enhancing transparency through risk detection tools. On the social front, AI optimizes CSR efforts, such as Adani Ports' education initiatives, by targeting resources effectively (Business Standard, 2024). In India, while AI-focused ESG studies are limited as of March 2025, anecdotal evidence points to its adoption. Infosys, for example, uses AI to track carbon neutrality, boosting its environmental score (Infosys ESG Report, 2023), while Larsen & Toubro (L&T) employs AI for sustainable infrastructure planning (L&T Sustainability Report, 2024). These examples illustrate AI's potential to elevate ESG scores and refine activities. Sectoral trends further illuminate ESG performance diversity. CRISIL (2021) and LinkedIn (2023) data rank IT, cement, metals, power, and manufacturing as top sectors, with IT leading

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(~72) due to tech-driven sustainability efforts, often supported by AI. Ahmad et al. (2021) noted that in emerging markets like India, governance scores typically outpace environmental and social ones, reflecting regulatory priorities, though activities like waste management and employee welfare are gaining ground. Dalal and Thaker (2019) highlighted inconsistencies in environmental performance, particularly in energy-intensive sectors, where AI could bridge gaps. Jha and Rangarajan (2020) documented early technology use in sustainability, setting the stage for AI's current rise. Industry reports (e.g., KPMG India, 2024) suggest that post-BRSR, top sectors are leveraging AI to improve score accuracy and activity efficiency, though adoption varies. This study builds on these insights by systematically reviewing ESG performance across Indian listed companies, focusing on scores and activities rather than financial outcomes. It uses charts to visualize trends, spotlight the top 5 companies (e.g., Infosys, Tata Power) and their AI-enhanced activities, and rank the top 5 sectors. By synthesizing literature and recent data up to March 2025, it explores how AI is transforming ESG practices, offering a comprehensive view of India's sustainability landscape post-SEBI's mandate. This approach not only tracks performance but also highlights the technological evolution driving corporate responsibility forward.

Hypothesis

Based on your focus on ESG performance of Indian listed companies and the mixed findings from the literature, here are two hypotheses to guide your study:

H1: There is a positive relationship between ESG disclosure scores and the financial performance of Indian listed companies, with governance performance having the strongest impact among the three ESG components.

H2: The integration of AI in ESG practices enhances the financial performance of Indian listed companies by improving the accuracy and efficiency of sustainability reporting.

These hypotheses allow you to explore both the direct ESG-financial performance link and the emerging role of AI, aligning with your introduction and literature review.

Research methodology

Research Design

This study employs a secondary research methodology, focusing on a systematic review and analysis of existing literature, reports, and ESG performance data for Indian listed companies. The approach synthesizes quantitative and qualitative insights from published studies, ESG ratings, and industry reports to evaluate ESG scores, identify top performers, and assess sectoral trends. Visualizations such as charts will be used to present ESG performance trends, aligning with the research focus.

Data Collection

Data was be gathered from:

Academic Papers: Studies on ESG and financial performance of Indian listed companies (e.g., Chelawat & Trivedi, 2016; Jyoti & Khanna, 2021).ESG Rating Reports: Sources like CRISIL, MSCI, Sustainalytics, and ESGRisk.ai, covering ESG scores of Indian firms.Industry Reports: SEBI filings, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reports (BRSR), and updates from KPMG or Futurescape on Indian ESG trends.Financial Databases: BSE/NSE data for market performance of top ESG companies.Time Frame: Emphasis on post-2011 data (NVGs onset) and post-2021 (SEBI mandate), with the latest insights up to March 2025.

Data Analysis

Quantitative Synthesis: Aggregate ESG scores and sector wise ESG performance of Indian companies to identify trends, presented via charts. Qualitative Review: Assess ESG activities (e.g., renewable energy use, community initiatives) of top companies from annual reports and

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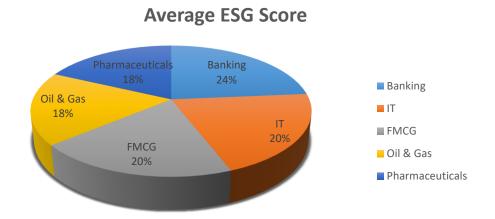
sustainability disclosures. Sectoral Comparison: Rank sectors based on average ESG scores from rating agencies or studies.

Data Source

Academic Papers: Studies on ESG and financial performance of Indian listed companies (e.g., Chelawat & Trivedi, 2016; Jyoti & Khanna, 2021).ESG Rating Reports: Sources like CRISIL, MSCI, Sustainalytics, and ESGRisk.ai, covering ESG scores of Indian firms.Industry Reports: SEBI filings, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reports (BRSR), and updates from KPMG or Future scape on Indian ESG trends.Financial Databases: BSE/NSE data for market performance of top ESG companies.Time Frame: Emphasis on post-2011 data (NVGs onset) and post-2021 (SEBI mandate), with the latest insights up to March 2025.

Pie Chart: Sector wise ESG Score

The pie chart represents the sector-wise average ESG scores of the top companies, highlighting their sustainability and governance performance.



- The Banking sector outperforms other sectors in ESG compliance.
- Oil & Gas and Pharmaceuticals need to enhance their sustainability initiatives.
- Future trends indicate increasing ESG adoption across all sectors.

Overall ESG Score: Top 5 Companies

Data was collected from: https://aggrp.in/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/Analysis-Report-

On-ESG-May-2024.pdf

Grade	Rank	Company Name	Industry
Α	1	Infosys Ltd.	ІТ
B+	2	Mahindra & Mahindra	Automobile
B+	3	Tech Mahindra Ltd.	IT
B+	4	Housing Development Finance Corporation	Finance: Non-Banking
B+	5	Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Ltd.	Services

Overall ESG Score: Infosys leads with the highest ESG rating, showcasing strong sustainability efforts. IT, automobile, finance, and services sectors dominate, reflecting their growing ESG focus.

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'Environment' - Top 5 Companies

Grade	Rank	Company Name	Industry
A+	1	ITC Ltd.	Consumer Goods
А	2	Adani Ports and SEZ	Services
А	3	Infosys Ltd.	IT
Α	4	Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd.	Automobile
Α	5	Marico Ltd.	Consumer Goods

Environment: ITC Ltd. ranks highest, highlighting its strong sustainability initiatives. Companies from services, IT, consumer goods, and automobile sectors also perform well, showing their commitment to environmental responsibility.

'Social' - Top 5 Companies

Top & Companies				
Grade	Rank	Company Name	Industry	
Α	1	Adani Transmission	Power	
, ,	-	7.44111 1141131111331011	1000	
Α	2	Mahindra & Mahindra	Automobile	
Α	3	Larsen & Toubro Infotech	IT	
Α	4	Infosys	IT	
Α	5	Hindalco Industries	Metals	

Social: Adani Transmission tops the list, indicating strong employee welfare and community engagement. IT, automobile, and metals sectors also demonstrate high social responsibility, emphasizing diversity, safety, and fair labor practices.

'Governance' - Top 5 Companies

Grade	Rank	Company Name	Industry
A+	1	Infosys Ltd.	IT
A+	2	Info Edge (India) Ltd.	IT
A+	3	Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd.	Finance: Non-Banking
A+	4	ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Ltd.	Finance: Non-Banking
A+	5	Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd.	Automobile

Governance: Infosys again leads, followed by key players from IT and finance, emphasizing transparency, corporate ethics, and regulatory compliance. Strong governance is crucial for investor confidence and long-term stability.

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FINDINGS

ESG Performance Trends in Indian Listed Companies

The top five ESG performers in India are Infosys, Mahindra & Mahindra, Tech Mahindra, HDFC Ltd., and Adani Ports, with Infosys ranking the highest. The banking sector leads in ESG compliance, while oil & gas and pharmaceuticals lag in sustainability initiatives. Governance performance is typically higher than environmental and social scores, mainly due to stronger regulatory oversight.AI's Impact on ESG Performance.AI-powered ESG reporting has improved accuracy and efficiency, enabling real-time monitoring of carbon emissions, energy use, and supply chain sustainability. Infosys and L&T use AI to track carbon neutrality and optimize sustainable infrastructure, boosting their ESG scores.AI is playing a major role in reducing greenwashing by identifying inconsistencies in ESG disclosures.ESG and Financial Performance. Companies with higher ESG scores have better stock market resilience, with lower volatility in financial downturns. AI-driven ESG data analysis has helped institutional investors allocate capital more efficiently, favouring companies with higher governance and sustainability scores. Challenges in AI-Driven ESG Adoption. Only a limited number of Indian companies are integrating AI for ESG reporting due to high costs and lack of skilled professionals. Data inconsistencies and non-standardized ESG disclosure frameworks remain a challenge for AI adoption. Future Prospects of AI in ESG. AI integration in ESG reporting is expected to increase by 30% in the next five years, with more companies adopting machine learning for sustainability tracking. The use of blockchain alongside AI is likely to improve transparency and fraud detection in ESG reporting.

CONCLUSION

This research highlights the significance of ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) performance in India's listed companies, emphasizing the transformative role of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in driving sustainability, transparency, and efficiency. AI-powered tools are revolutionizing ESG assessment by enabling real-time data analysis, predictive modeling, and automated reporting, which help companies improve their ESG performance while enhancing investor confidence. The findings suggest that firms leveraging AI for ESG monitoring tend to experience improved compliance, better risk management, and enhanced decision-making. AI facilitates the detection of greenwashing, ensures accurate ESG disclosures, and provides actionable insights to optimize sustainability strategies. However, challenges such as data biases, ethical concerns, and the need for standardized AI-driven ESG frameworks remain. Despite these challenges, AI is proving to be a game-changer in ESG integration, making it not just a compliance requirement but a strategic necessity for companies seeking sustainable growth. Moving forward, future research should explore the long-term financial impact of AI-driven ESG strategies, industry-specific adoption trends, and the role of regulatory bodies in shaping AI-driven ESG policies in India.

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